Financial Results for the Six Months ended June 30, 2023

AGC

AGC Inc.

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AGC

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Key points for today



Financial Results for 2Q	FY2023	(YoY)		
Net sales	985.3 bn JPY	(+7.0 bn JPY)	 Net sales increased thanks to higher sales prices in Automotive glass and Architectural glass, etc. as well as the 	
Operating profit	64.3 bn JPY	(▲51.0 bn JPY)	 impact of foreign exchange rates, despite the impact of the decline in sales prices for PVC. Operating profit decreased due to deteriorating manufacturing costs and higher raw material and fuel costs. 	
Profit for the period Attributable to owners of the parent	40.6 bn JPY	(▲30.6 bn JPY)		
Outlook for FY2023 (Rev	rised)	(vs. Feb. 8)	(YoY)	
Net sales	2,050.0 bn JPY	(▲100 bn JPY)	(+14.1 bn JPY)	
Operating profit	150.0 bn JPY	(▲40 bn JPY)	(▲33.9 bn JPY)	

• We made downward revision due to the delayed market recovery of chlor-alkali products and the impact of delays in launching new lines for U.S. Biopharmaceuticals CDMO.



1. Highlights of the Financial Results

Highlights of the Financial Results for 2Q FY2023 (cumulative)



* FOREX impact was +51.9 billion JPY, change in the scope of consolidation was +0.7 billion JPY (100 mi					
FY2022		FY2023	Channe	Main factors in the change	
		1-2Q Total	1-2Q Total	Change	(+) Increasing factors (-)Decreasing factors
Net sales		9,783	9,853	+ 70*	 (+) Increase in sales prices of Automotive glass and Architectural glass (+) Increase in shipments of Automotive glass (+) Yen depreciation (-) Decline in sales prices of PVC (-) Decrease in sales of Biopharmaceuticals CDMO and shipments of Fluorochemical-related products
Operating Profit		1,153	643	▲ 510	In addition to the above, (-) Deterioration in manufacturing costs (-) Increase in raw materials and fuel prices
Profit before tax		1,176	660	▲ 516	In addition to the above, (+) FOREX gain (+) Gain on sale of shares of subsidiaries and associates (-)Business structure improvement costs regarding Display business (Takasago site in Kansai Plant)
Profit for the period Attro owners of the parent	ributable to	712	406	6 ▲ 306	
FOREX (Average)	1USD	JPY 122.89	JPY 134.85		
	1EUR	JPY 134.25	JPY 145.79		
Crude oil (Dubai, Average)	USD/BBL	101.81	79.05		

YoY Performance Comparison by Business Segment

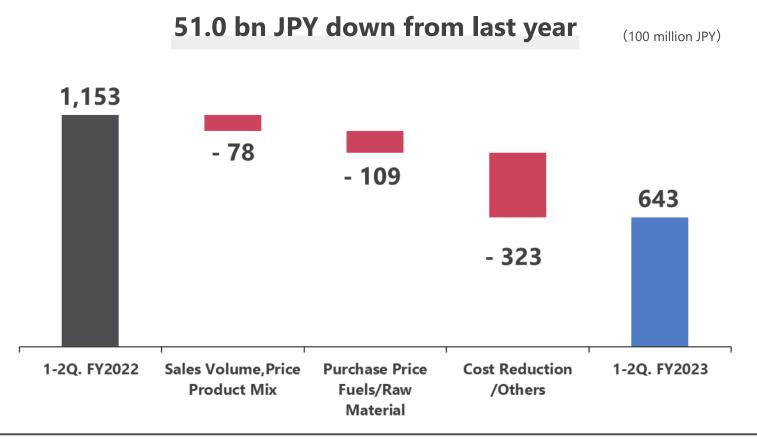


(100 million JPY)

	FY2022 1-2Q Total		FY2 (1-2Q		Cha	nge
	(a)	(b)	(b)·	·(a)
	Net sales	Operating profit	Net sales	Operating profit	Net sales	Operating profit
Architectural Glass	2,257	205	2,398	186	+ 141	▲ 19
Automotive	1,892	▲ 91	2,407	102	+ 515	+ 193
Electronics	1,481	92	1,419	29	▲ 62	▲ 63
Chemicals	3,336	824	2,828	309	▲ 509	▲ 514
Life Science	710	102	680	6	▲ 30	▲ 97
Ceramics/Other	435	25	394	14	▲ 41	▲ 11
Elimination	▲ 328	A 3	▲ 273	▲ 3	+ 55	+ 0
Total	9,783	1,153	9,853	643	+ 70	▲ 510

Variance Analysis on OP(1-2Q.FY2023 vs. 1-2Q.FY2022)





Consolidated Statement of Financial Position



			(100 million JPY)	
	2022/12	2023/6	Change	
Cash and cash equivalents	2,097	1,688	4 09	
Inventories	4,365	4,741	+ 376	Foreign exchange
Property, plant and equipment, Goodwill and Intangible assets	15,148	16,151	+ 1,003 •	fluctuation
Other assets	6,530	6,998	+ 469	
Total assets	28,140	29,579	+ 1,438 ●	
Interest-bearing debt	6,502	7,083	+ 580	fluctuation +158.8billion yen
Other liabilities	5,782	5,741	▲ 41	130.001
Liabilities	12,284	12,824	+ 539	
Total equity attributable to owners of the parent	13,903	14,718	+ 816	
Non-controlling interests	1,953	2,037	+ 83	Foreign exchange
Equity	15,856	16,755	+ 899 ●	fluctuation
Total liabilities and equity	28,140	29,579	+ 1,438	+89.3 billion yen
D/E ratio	0.41	0.42		

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow



1-2Q Total	FY2022	FY2023	(100 million JPY)
Profit before tax	1,176	660	
Depreciation and amortization	902	859	
Increase(decrease) in working capital	▲ 527	▲ 403	
Others	▲ 321	▲ 221	
Cash flows from operating activities	1,230	894	_
Cash flows from investing activities	▲ 667	▲ 881	
Free cash flow	562	13	
Changes in interest-bearing debt	182	222	
Dividends paid	▲ 289	▲ 233	
Others	▲ 130	▲ 525	
Cash folws from financing activities	▲ 237	▲ 536	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	272	115	
Net increase(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	597	▲ 409	

CAPEX, Depreciation and R&D



1-2Q Total	FY2022	FY2023
CAPEX	1,051	1,052
Architectural Glass	75	100
Automotive	114	116
Electronics	416	293
Chemicals	314	396
Life Science	128	139
Ceramics/Other	6	10
Elimination	▲ 2	A 1
Depreciation	902	859
Architectural Glass	124	119
Automotive	154	156
Electronics	337	258
Chemicals	223	248
Life Science	54	68
Ceramics/Other	10	10
Elimination	▲ 1	▲ 1
R&D	249	270

(100 million JPY)

Main projects for CAPEX

- G11 investment in China (Electronics)
- Repairment for Display glass furnace (Electronics)
- Capacity enhancement of Electronic materials (Electronics)
- Capacity enhancement for Chlor-alkali in Southeast Asia (Chemicals)
- Capacity enhancement for Fluorochemical-related products (Chemicals)
- Capacity enhancement for Biopharmaceuticals CDMO and Small Molecule Pharmaceuticals and Agrochemicals CDMO (Life Science)

etc.



2. Business and Geographic Segments

Architectural Glass Segment



11	$\cap \cap$	mil	lion	JPY)
(I	UU	111111	поп	JPT)

1-2Q Total	FY2022	FY2023	Change
Net sales	2,257	2,398	+ 141*
Asia	681	759	+ 78
Europe & Americas	1,572	1,633	+ 61
(Inter-segment)	4	6	+ 2
Operating profit	205	186	▲ 19

^{*} FOREX impact: +15.2 billion yen, Change in the Scope of Consolidation: +0.7 billion yen



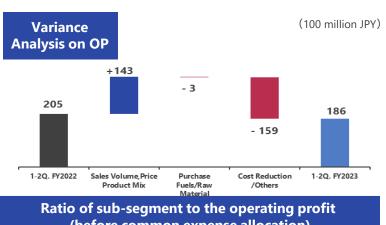
Asia

 Despite shipments declined in all regions except Japan, net sales increased thanks to the rise in sales prices.



Europe & Americas

- Shipments declined in Europe, which was affected by the economic slowdown, but net sales increased thanks to the rise in sales prices and the impact of foreign exchange rates.
- Manufacturing costs deteriorated.





Automotive Segment



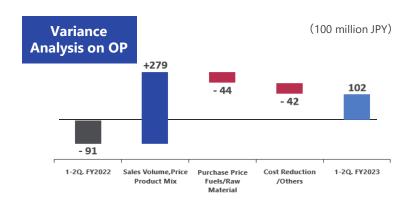
(100	million	JPY)
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1-2Q累計	FY2022	FY2023	Change
Net sales	1,892	2,407	+ 515*
Automotive	1,891	2,405	+ 514
(Inter-segment)	1	2	+ 1
Operating profit	▲ 91	102	+ 193

^{*} FOREX impact: +13.3 billion yen, Change in the Scope of Consolidation: No impact

Automotive Glass

- The group's shipments increased as the automobile production increased.
- Net sales and operating profit increased thanks to the rise in sales prices, improvement of product mix and foreign exchange effects.



Electronics Segment



(100	million	JPY)

1-2Q Total	FY2022	FY2023	Change
Net sales	1,481	1,419	▲ 62*
Display	870	783	▲ 87
Electronic Materials	600	631	+ 30
(Inter-segment)	11	5	A 6
Operating profit	92	29	▲ 63

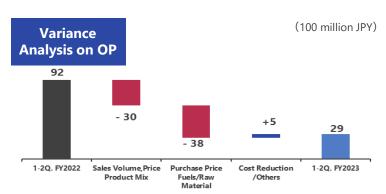
^{*} FOREX impact: +3.7 billion yen, Change in the Scope of Consolidation: No impact

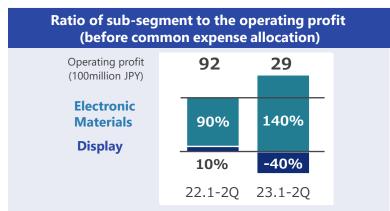
Display

- Shipments of LCD glass substrates decreased.
- Raw materials and fuel costs increased.

Electronic Materials

Sales increased thanks to robust shipments of EUV mask blanks and other products, as well as the impact of foreign exchange rates.





Reference: Progress of Display business earnings improvement



 We aim for business turnaround by strengthening competitiveness through technological innovation and implementing pricing policies, in addition to structural improvement measures.

Promoting of business structure reforms, aiming to set a focus on glass substrates for large-sized display panels -Withdrawal from low-profit sized panel businesses, and -Terminating production of glass substrate products for LCDs at the Takasago site, etc. Strengthening competitiveness through technological innovation Revising of pricing policy

Targeting ROCE of 10% or more at an early stage

Chemicals Segment



(100 million JPY)

1-2Q Total	FY2022	FY2023	Change
Net sales	3,336	2,828	▲ 509*
Essential Chemicals	2,515	2,008	▲ 507
Performance Chemicals	796	798	+ 3
(Inter-segment)	26	22	A 4
Operating profit	824	309	▲ 514

^{*} FOREX impact: +15.3 billion yen, Change in the Scope of Consolidation: No impact

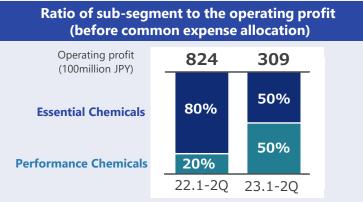
Essential Chemicals

Sales prices of PVC and other products declined.

Performance Chemicals

 Net sales remained at the same level as the previous year due to the rise in sales prices and foreign exchange effects, despite a decrease in shipments of Fluorochemical-related products.





Reference: Market trend of Caustic Soda and PVC in Southeast Asia



Caustic soda and PVC market prices stagnated due to slow economic recovery mainly in the China and the U.S., and Ethylene market recovered moderately during the second quarter but PVC spread narrowed.



Life Science Segment



(100 mi	llion	JPY)
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1-2Q Total	FY2022	FY2023	Change
Net sales	710	680	▲ 30*
Life Science	692	667	▲ 25
(Inter-segment)	18	13	4 5
Operating profit	102	6	▲ 97

^{*} FOREX impact: +4.2 billion yen, Change in the Scope of Consolidation: No impact

Life Science

- Sales of Biopharmaceuticals CDMO decreased due to the disappearance of special demand for products related to the anti-coronavirus applications, reduced inflows of funds into biotech ventures and delays in launching new lines for Biopharmaceuticals CDMO in the U.S.
- Upfront costs incurred associated with capacity expansion in the biopharmaceutical field.



Reference:



Current Situation and Outlook of Biopharmaceuticals CDMO

- Europe and Japan remains steady; the U.S. has been in a struggle.
- Performance is expected to improve in 2024 onward due to market recovery and improved operations at newly launched lines in the U.S.



Factors Contributing to the Deterioration of U.S. Biopharmaceuticals CDMO Earnings and Outlook

Current Situation

<u>Delays in launching new lines</u> in the US.

Delays in launching new lines in the U.S. puts pressure on earnings.

Increase in fixed costs due to upfront investment

Fixed costs associated with investments in the U.S. were posted upfront and put pressure on earnings.

Business situation

Temporary leveling off due to repercussions of Covid-related special demand and reduced inflows of funds into biotech ventures.

Outlook

Drastic measures are being implemented with the aim of improving the operation during the second half of FY2023.

Steady progress is being made in acquiring contracts.

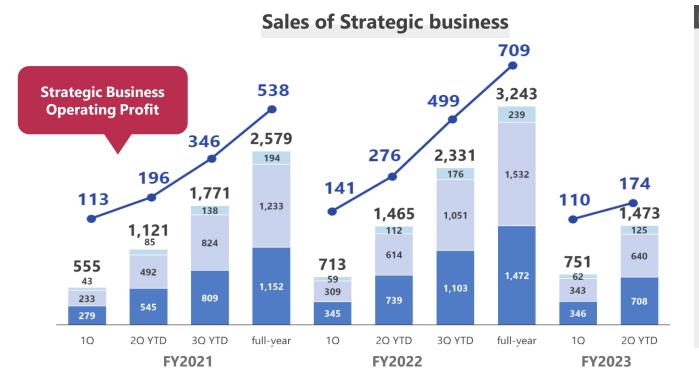
Market recovery in 2024 onward

Profit contribution of Strategic Businesses



■ FY2023 will be affected by adjustments in the semiconductor and smartphone markets, in addition to the poor performance of Biopharmaceuticals CDMO in the U.S.

(100 million yen)



Main products & businesses

Mobility

- Cover glass for car-mounted displays
- New materials for mobility, including 5G communications

Electronics

- Semiconductor-related products
- Optoelectronics materials
- Next-generation high-speed communication related products
- Fluorinated products for electronics

Life Science

- Small Molecule Pharmaceuticals and Agrochemicals CDMO
- Biopharmaceutical CDMO
- Other life science products

YoY Performance Comparison by Geographic Segment



1-2Q Total	FY2022	FY2023	Change	(100 million JPY)
Net sales	9,783	9,853	+ 70	FOREX impact :
Japan &Asia	6,347	6,055	▲ 292	+51.9 bn .
Americas	971	1,098	+ 127	Change in the scope of consolidation:
Europe	2,465	2,700	+ 235	+0.7 bn Ji
Operating profit	1,153	643	▲ 510	
Japan &Asia	1,137	631	▲ 506	
Americas	43	4	▲ 46	
Europe	172	243	+ 71	
Cross-regional common expenses	▲ 199	▲ 227	▲ 28	

JPY



Outlook for FY2023

FY2023 Outlook



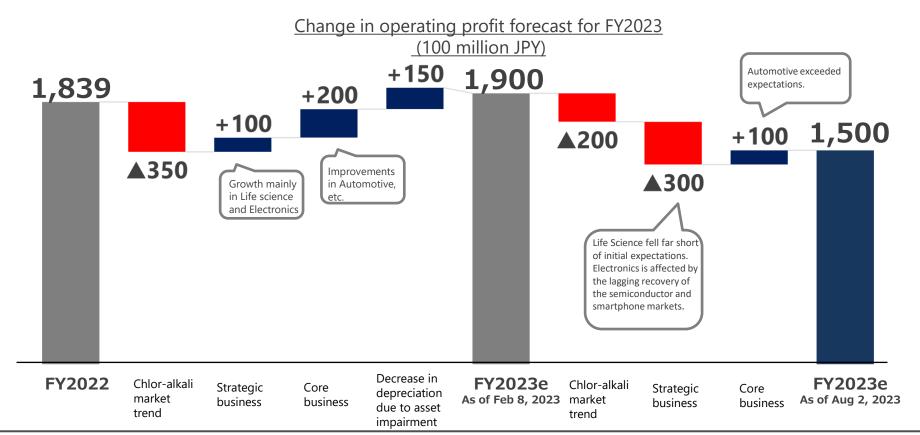
 Operating profit is expected to decrease from the previous year and from the initial forecast due to the delayed market recovery of chlor-alkali products, as well as the significant impact of delay in launching new lines for U.S. Biopharmaceuticals CDMO.

		FY2022	FY2023e As of Aug 2, 2023	FY2023e As of Feb 8, 2023	(100 million JPY)
Net sales		20,359	20,500	21,500	
	(First half)	9,783	9,853	10,300	
Operating profit		1,839	1,500	1,900	
	(First half)	1,153	643	750	
Profit before tax		585	1,070	1,470	
Profit for the year attributable to owners of t	he parent	▲ 32	590	870	
Dividend (JPY/share)		210	210	210	
Operating profit margin		9.0%	7.3%	8.8%	
ROE		-	4.2%	6.3%	*
FOREX (Average)	1 USD	JPY 131.4	JPY 135.0	JPY 125.0	
	1 EUR	JPY 138.0	JPY 150.0	JPY 135.0	
Crude oil (Dubai, Average)	USD/BBL	96.3	81.0	85.0	
Ethylene (CFR SEA)	USD/MT	1,054	870	1,000	

* ROE of FY2023e is calculated using the figures of Profit for the year attributable to owners of the parent as of Dec 31, 2022

2023 Operating Profit Forecast





^{*}Operating profit trends for 2022-23 are estimated in units of 5 billion yen, so totals do not match.

Outlook breakdown by Segment (Net sales and Operating profit)



■ Although Automotive exceeded initial expectations, the forecasts were revised downward as Electronics, Chemicals, and Life Science fell short of initial expectations.

(100 million JPY)

	FY20	22 (a)	FY202 As of Aug		Change	(b)-(a)		23e(c) b 2, 2023	Change	e (b)-(c)
	Net sales	Operating profit	Net sales	Operating profit	Net sales	Operating profit	Net sales	Operating profit	Net sales	Operating profit
Architectural Glass	4,837	327	4,800	360	▲ 37	+ 33	+ 5,000	360	▲ 200	+ 0
Automotive	4,178	▲ 98	4,700	170	+ 522	+ 268	+ 4,700	80	+ 0	+ 90
Electronics	3,072	147	3,300	250	+ 228	+ 103	+ 3,400	380	1 00	▲ 130
Chemicals	6,604	1,261	6,000	710	▲ 604	▲ 551	+ 6,500	850	▲ 500	1 40
∠ Life Science	1,418	169	1,350	▲ 10	▲ 68	▲ 179	+ 1,600	210	▲ 250	▲ 220
Ceramics/Other	866	37	850	20	▲ 16	▲ 17	+ 800	20	+ 50	+ 0
Elimination	▲ 616	A 3	▲ 500	0	+ 116	+ 3	▲ 500	0	+ 0	+ 0
Total	20,359	1,839	20,500	1,500	+ 141	▲ 339	+ 21,500	1,900	▲ 1,000	4 00

2H Outlook by Business Segment (1)



Outlook for FY2023 2H (vs 2023 1H)



Architectural Glass

Asia

 Shipments are expected to be robust for the factors such as growing demand for high heat-insulating and shielding glass.

Europe & Americas

 Despite concerns about inflation and economic slowdown in Europe, replacement demand for high heatinsulating glass for energy savings will support shipments.



Automotive

Although the effects of the ongoing supply shortage of semiconductors and other components will continue to ease, and the effects of the pricing policy that has been pursued for some time will contribute, the business is expected to be affected by seasonal declines in shipments.



Electronics

Display

- Shipments of LCD glass substrates will increase due to recovery in demand for LCD panels.
- Shipments of specialty glass for display will increase as orders from major customers grow.

Electronic Materials

- Shipments of optoelectronics materials will increase due to demand season, despite the slowdown in the smartphone market.
- Shipments of semiconductor-related products will increase mainly photomask blanks for EUV.

2H Outlook by Business Segment (2)



Outlook for FY2023 2H (vs 2023 1H)



Chemicals

Essential Chemicals

Market recovery has been delayed due to slow economic recovery in China and the U.S., but the market will slowly recover along with the economic recovery.

Performance Chemicals

Although the slowdown in the semiconductor and smartphone markets will cause fluorine-related products for some applications to level off, shipments will increase due to strong demand for products for transportation machinery and other applications.



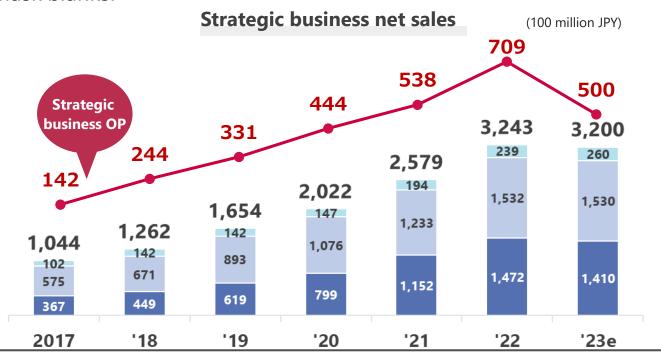
Life Science

- Although sales of and Small Molecule Pharmaceuticals and Agrochemicals CDMO will remain strong, in Biopharmaceuticals CDMO, the impact of the disappearance of special demand for products related to the anticoronavirus applications and reduced inflows of funds into biotech ventures will continue.
- The newly production lines for Biopharmaceuticals CDMO in the U.S. will be expected to improve during the second half of FY2023.

Outlook of Strategic businesses



- Sales growth is expected to be sluggish and profit is expected to decline in 2023.
- The businesses will return to growth trajectory after 2024 along with a recovery in biopharmaceutical CDMO and expansion of semiconductor-related products such as EUV mask blanks.



Main products & businesses

Mobility

- Cover glass for car-mounted displays
- New materials for mobility, including 5G communications

Electronics

- Semiconductor-related products
- Optoelectronics materials
- Next-generation high-speed communication related products
- Fluorinated products for electronics

Life Science

- Small Molecule Pharmaceuticals and Agrochemicals CDMO
- Biopharmaceutical CDMO
- Other life science products

CAPEX, Depreciation and R&D



Full year	FY2022	FY2023e	(100 million yen)
CAPEX	2,366	3,000	
Architectural Glass	175	250	■ G11 inve
Automotive	298	270	(Electron
Electronics	800	930	,
Chemicals	649	950	■ Capacity
Life Science	431	580	Electron
Ceramics/Other	14	20	Capacity
Elimination	▲ 2	0	alkali in (Chemic
Depreciation	1,857	1,880	(Crieniic
Architectural Glass	239	240	Capacity
Automotive	325	330	Biophar
Electronics	684	620	(Life Scio
Chemicals	475	520	
Life Science	115	150	
Chemicals	19	20	
Elimination	▲ 1	0	
R&D	523	580	

cts for CAPEX

- vestment in China onics)
- ty enhancement of onic materials (Electronics)
- ty enhancement for Chlorn Southeast Asia icals)
- ty enhancement of rmaceuticals CDMO cience)

etc.



The AGC Group's initiatives for Corporate Value Enhancement

Vision 2030



Grow through well-balanced creation of social and economic value

By providing **differentiated materials and solutions**, AGC strives to help realize a **sustainable society and become an excellent company** that grows and evolves continuously.

Greater Corporate Value

Social Value





Economic Value



Creation of the five social values

Stable ROE of 10% or higher

Promotion of Sustainability Management



Business Portfolio Transformation

Direction of the Business Portfolio Transformation (1)



■ Through the business management with its unique ambidextrous approach, we aim to build a business portfolio that is resilient to market fluctuations and has high asset efficiency, growth potential, and carbon efficiency.

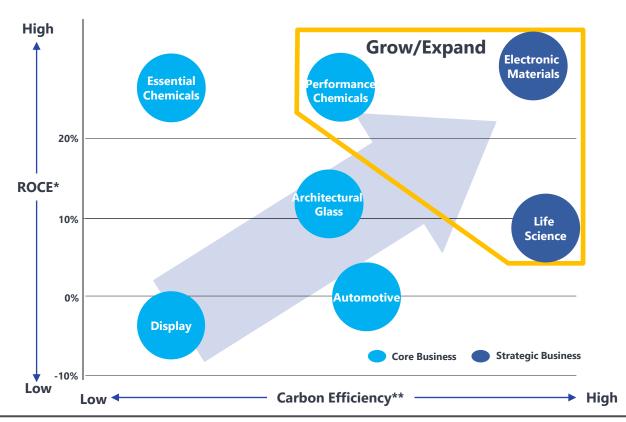






Direction of the Business Portfolio Transformation (2)





^{*:} Created based on FY2022 results

Progress in Business Portfolio Transformation (1)



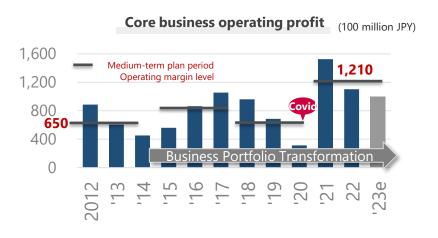
- Strategic business will expand over the medium term, but sales is expected to hit a plateau and profits are expected to decline in 2023.
- While being affected by market conditions, the profitability of the core business has improved and become more stable thanks to price revisions and structural reforms.

Strategic business



Plateaued in 2023

Core business



Improved profitability and stability

Progress in Business Portfolio Transformation (2) Strategic business



■ Although there will be some adjustments in 2023 due to market conditions and other factors, in the medium to long term, the strategic businesses will grow along with the market expansion.

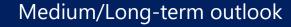
J	Current situation		Medium/Long-term outloo	k
Electroni cs	While EUV mask blanks show robust growth, the overall business remains standstill in 2023 as affected by the semiconductor and smartphone markets.		In addition to growth of EUV mask blanks, the business will achieve a high growth along with the recovery of the semiconductor market.	*
Life Science	Sales of Biopharmaceuticals CDMO decrease due to the disappearance of special demand for products related to the anti-coronavirus applications, reduced inflows of funds into biotech ventures and delays in launching new lines for Bio-CDMO in the U.S.	**	In 2024 onward, the business will go back to the growth trend following normalization of newly launched lines in the U.S. Bio-CDMO and the market recovery.	
Mobility	Speed of the business expansion is slower than expected due to the lagging progress of CASE technology.		The business will expand together with the progress of CASE technology.	

Progress in Business Portfolio Transformation (3) Core business



■ The core businesses have achieved stable profitability and improved asset efficiency.

Current situation





The profit improved due to price revisions and structural reforms.



The profitability will remain stable as favorable winds, such as good house renovation demand, will continue.





The business started to generating profits along with the progress in the revision of pricing policy and structural reforms.



Profitability and asset efficiency are expected to improve as a result of improvements in the macro environment, such as the elimination of the semiconductor shortage, and the promotion of profit improvement measures that are being undertaken.





We are reviewing the existing structural reforms and pricing policies.



The profit will improve starting in 2024 as a result of market recovery, structural reforms and pricing policy revisions.





Chemicals

[Essential Chemicals]

Although market conditions have not recovered and remain at a low level, a certain level of profit is secured due to high market position.

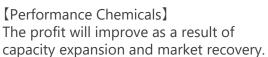


The business have been standstill as affected by the semiconductor and smartphone markets.



[Essential Chemicals]

The market will recover gradually, and the profit will pick up.

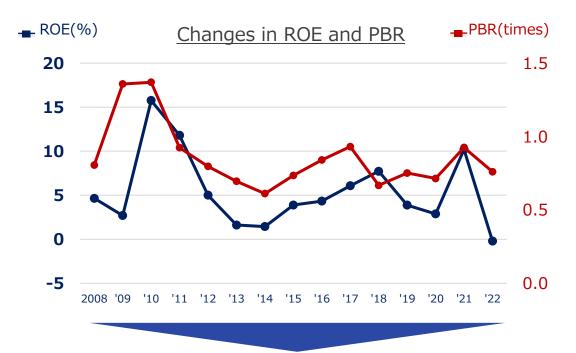




Challenge of improving PBR



■ ROE and PBR fluctuations strongly correlated with each other.



Improving and stabilizing ROE is the top priority for PBR improvement.

Realization of business management focused on cost of capital and stock price



- PBR improvement has long been recognized as an important management issue.
- TSE disclosure requests will be reviewed internally, including the Board of Directors.

Initiatives and issues to be addressed

[Current initiatives]

- Announced ROE target (stable ROE of 10% by 2030) with an awareness of the cost of shareholders' equity.
- Flexible share buybacks and a stable dividend payout ratio of 40% on a consolidated basis.

(Issues to be addressed)

- We promote business portfolio transformation through aggressive investment in growth businesses. Growth businesses are expanding steadily, but PBR remains low because ROE target cannot be achieved due to restructuring costs, impairment losses, etc.

Current policy

• We aim to achieve a stable ROE of 8% or more as early as possible by expanding the strategic businesses, with the core business serving as a long-term stable earnings base.

AGC Group's Brand Statement

Never take the easy way out, but confront difficulties
Trust is the best way to inspire people
Strive to develop technologies that will change the world
A sense of mission leads us to advance

For more than a century, AGC has been guided by these founding spirits. Our unique materials, solutions and reliable partnerships have facilitated leading innovations across diverse industries and markets.

Today, by working with others to combine knowledge and advanced technology, we help make ever greater achievements possible, and bring bolder ideas to life





Appendix

ROCE & EBITDA by Segment



		Operating		EBITDA*		CE	Operating		
	profit						ass	ets	
	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	
Glass	273	229	819	794	4.6%	3.6%	6,000	6,300	
(Reference) Architectural Glass	_	327	_	566	_	10.9%	_	3,000	
(Reference) Automotive	_	▲ 98	_	227	_	▲3.0%	_	3,300	
Electronics	368	147	971	830	5.9%	2.6%	6,250	5,650	
△ Chemicals	1,388	1,429	1,887	2,020	21.5%	18.1%	6,450	7,900	
(Reference) Chemicals	_	1,261	_	1,736	_	23.3%	_	5,400	
(Reference) Life Science	_	169	_	284	_	6.7%	_	2,500	
Ceramics/Others	35	37	55	56	14.0%	18.4%	250	200	
Elimination	▲ 2	▲ 3	▲ 3	4	_	_	_	_	
Total	2,062	1,839	3,729	3,696	10.9%	9.2%	18,950	20,050	

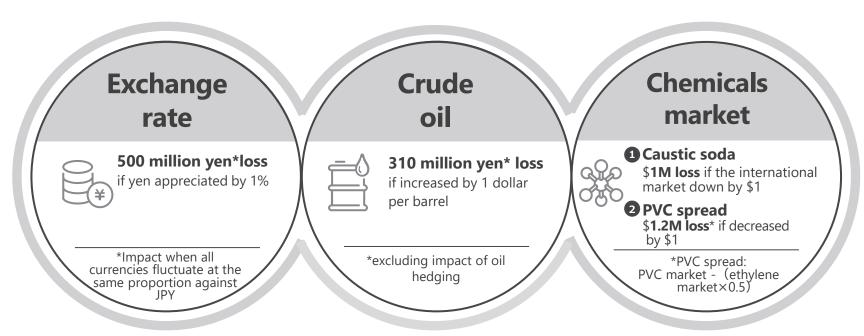
(100 million yen)

^{*} EBITDA=Operating profit +Depreciation

Sensitivity to FOREX / Market Impacts

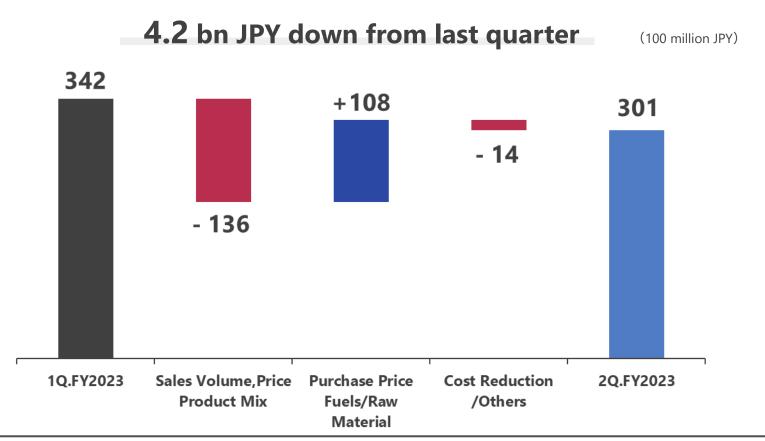


Impact on OP



Variance Analysis on OP(2Q.FY2023 vs. 1Q.FY2023)





YoY Performance Comparison by Geographic Segment



(100 million JPY)

		Japan& Asia	Americas	Europe	Inter-segment	Total
Architectural Glass	2Q.FY2023	386	73	728	5	1,192
Architectural Glass	2Q.FY2022	361	80	773	2	1,216
Automotive	2 Q .FY2023	604	252	365	1	1,223
6 9 Automotive	2Q.FY2022	472	201	283	0	956
Electronics	2 Q .FY2023	642	71	3	2	717
Electronics	2Q.FY2022	651	62	3	6	722
Chemicals	2 Q .FY2023	1,261	83	62	13	1,418
Chemicals	2Q.FY2022	1,575	74	59	12	1,720
Life Science	2 Q .FY2023	79	90	177	2	348
Life Science	2Q.FY2022	75	98	203	2	378
Ceramics/Other	2 Q .FY2023	85	-	-	110	195
Ceramics/Other	2Q.FY2022	86	-	-	150	236
Elimination	2Q.FY2023	-	-	-	▲ 132	▲ 132
- Ellillidation	2Q.FY2022	-	-	-	▲ 171	▲ 171
Total Net Sales	2Q.FY2023	3,057	568	1,336	-	4,961
Total Net Sales	2 Q .FY2022	3,221	515	1,321	-	5,057

YoY Performance Comparison by Geographic Segment



(100 million JPY)

		Japan& Asia	Americas	Europe	Inter-segment	Total
Architectural Glass	1-2Q.FY2023	759	146	1,487	6	2,398
Architectural Glass	1-2Q.FY2022	681	143	1,429	4	2,257
Automotive	1-2Q.FY2023	1,206	475	723	2	2,407
automotive	1-2Q.FY2022	982	383	526	1	1,892
Electronics	1-2Q.FY2023	1,259	148	7	5	1,419
Electronics	1-2Q.FY2022	1,332	133	6	11	1,481
R Chamianla	1-2Q.FY2023	2,504	166	136	22	2,828
Chemicals	1-2Q.FY2022	3,028	151	132	26	3,336
Life Science	1-2Q.FY2023	158	162	348	13	680
Life Science	1-2Q.FY2022	158	161	372	18	710
Ceramics/Other	1-2Q.FY2023	170	-	-	224	394
Ceramics/Other	1-2Q.FY2022	167	-	-	268	435
S'	1-2Q.FY2023	-	-	-	▲ 273	▲ 273
Elimination	1-2Q.FY2022	-	-	-	▲ 328	▲ 328
Total Net Sales	1-2Q.FY2023	6,055	1,098	- ▲ 328 ▲ 328 2,700 - 9,853		
Total Net Sales	1-2Q.FY2022	6,347	971	2,465	-	9,783

Business Performance (1)



Architectural Glass	1Q.22	2Q.22	3Q.22	4Q.22	1Q.23	2Q.23	(100
Net Sales	1,040	1,216	1,247	1,334	1,205	1,192	million
Asia	319	361	384	405	373	386	JPY)
Europe & Americas	719	853	861	925	831	802	
(Inter Segment)	2	2	2	4	1	5	
Operating profit	73	132	86	36	93	93	
Automotive	1Q.22	2Q.22	3Q.22	4Q.22	1Q.23	2Q.23	
Net Sales	936	956	1,112	1,174	1,184	1,223	
Automotive	935	956	1,111	1,174	1,183	1,221	
(Inter Segment)	1	0	0	1	1	1	
Operating profit	▲ 33	▲ 58	▲ 63	56	48	54	
Electronics	1Q.22	2Q.22	3Q.22	4Q.22	1Q.23	2Q.23	
Net Sales	760	722	777	814	702	717	
Display	450	420	346	338	358	425	
Electronic Materials	304	296	425	470	341	290	
(Inter Segment)	5	6	6	6	4	2	
Operating profit	80	12	31	24	19	11	

Business Performance (2)



Chemicals	1Q.22	2Q.22	3Q.22	4Q.22	1Q.23	2Q.23	(100
Net Sales	1,617	1,720	1,641	1,626	1,410	1,418	million
Essential Chemicals	1,217	1,298	1,199	1,184	1,009	999	JPY)
Performance Chemicals	385	410	427	429	391	407	
(Inter Segment)	14	12	15	13	9	13	
Operating profit	406	418	250	187	172	137	
Life Science	1Q.22	2Q.22	3Q.22	4Q.22	1Q.23	2Q.23	
Net Sales	332	378	356	352	332	348	
Life Science	316	376	347	342	321	346	
(Inter Segment)	17	2	9	9	11	2	
Operating profit	46	57	53	14	6	▲ 1	

Market trend



Trend of shipment and price				20	2023					
					1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q
YoY comp	oY comparision									
Glass	Architectural	Japan & Asia	shipment		+10%	+low 10% range	+mid single-digit	-high single-digit	-high single-digit	-10%
	(AGC)		price		+high 10% range	+high 10% range	+mid 20% range	20%	+high 20% range	+low 30% range
		Europe	shipment		+low 10% range	-low single-digit	-low 10% range	-high 10% range	-high 10% range	-low 10% range
			price		+mid 40% range	+low 60% range	+high 70% range	+low 50% range	+high 10% range	-mid 10% range
		Japan	volume		-14%	-15%	+24%	+9%	+12%	+30%
	Automobile production*1	North America	volume		-2%	+11%	+23%	+8%	+10%	+14%
	ľ	Europe & Russia	volume		-17%	-4%	+22%	+7%	+18%	+12%
Electronics	Display panel demand* ²	Global	area		+4%	-4%	-9%	-7%	-15%	+3%
Spot mark	et price									
Chemicals	Chlor-alkali	Caustic soda*3	price	USD/MT	722	777	673	677	530	417
	(Southeast	PVC*3	price	USD/MT	1,407	1,350	933	823	893	817
	Asia)	Ethylene*3	price	USD/MT	1,213	1,175	952	895	928	862

^{*1} Source: S&P global data as of July 4, 2023.

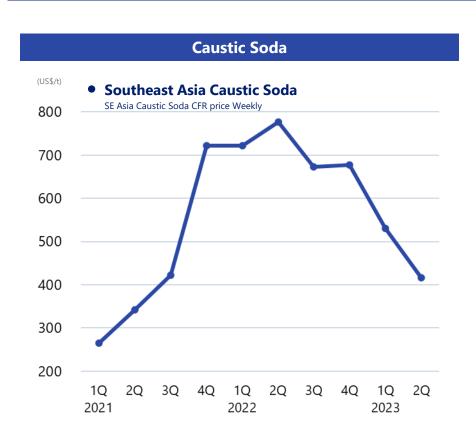
Results are not an endorsement of AGC Inc. Any reliance on these results is at the third-party's own risk.

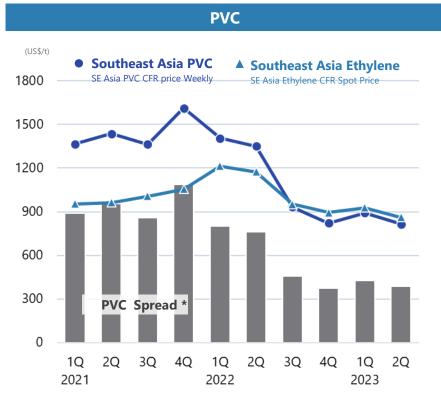
 $^{^{\}star 2}$ Source: Omdia-Display Long-Term Demand Forecast Tracker – 1Q23 Pivot

^{*&}lt;sup>3</sup> Source: Bloomberg

Reference: Market trend of Caustic Soda and PVC in Southeast Asia







*PVC-ethylene spread calculation: PVC spot market price - (ethylene market price X 0.5)

Source: Bloomberg

Financial index



				IFRS		
		18/12	19/12	20/12	21/12	22/12
Net sales	Million JPY	1,522,904	1,518,039	1,412,306	1,697,383	2,035,874
Operating profit	Million JPY	120,555	101,624	75,780	206,168	183,942
OP margin	%	7.9	6.7	5.4	12.1	9.0
Attributable to owners of the parent	Million JPY	89,593	44,434	32,715	123,840	△ 3,152
Return on equity (ROE) *1	%	7.7	3.9	2.9	10.2	△ 0.2
Return on assets (ROA) *2	%	5.4	4.4	3.1	7.9	6.7
Equity ratio	%	51	50	44	49	49
D/E (Interest-bearing debts · Net assets)	times	0.43	0.47	0.63	0.41	0.41
CF from Operating Activities/Interest-bearing debt	times	0.35	0.32	0.29	0.54	0.33
Earnings per share(EPS) *3	JPY	399.51	200.85	147.84	559.11	△ 14.22
Cash dividends per share	JPY	115	120	120	210	210
EBITDA *4	Million JPY	259,425	231,857	208,459	383,226	253,209
Exchange rates (average)	JPY/USD	110.43	109.05	106.82	109.80	131.43
Exchange rates (average)	JPY/EUR	130.42	122.07	121.81	129.89	138.04

^{*1} Profit for the year attributable to owners of the parent/Total equity attributable to owners of the parent(average)

For other financial indicators, please see here. framework https://www.agc.com/ir/pdf/data_all.pdf

^{*2} Operating profit/Total assets(average)

^{*3} Earnings per share is adjusted to reflect the 5 into 1 share consolidation implemented on July 2017.

^{*4} EBITDA (Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization) = Profit before taxes + Depreciation + Interest expenses

Social Value to be created by AGC



AGC creates the following five social values through its business activities.

Realization of safe and comfortable urban infrastructure

Realization of safe and healthy lifestyles

Maintenance of a healthy and secure society

Creation of fair and safe workplaces

Realization of a sustainable global environment



Low-E glass for building



UV cut glass for vehicles



Polyvinyl Chloride Resin



Pharmaceuticals(intermediate/act ive ingredients)



Agrochemicals (intermediate/active ingredients)



ETFE film for agricultural green-houses



Relationship with local communities



Consideration for local environment



Human rights in supply chains



Workplace safety



Diversity



Employee engagement





Response to climate change



Effective use of resources

Economic value to be created by AGC Group



- Continuously grow/evolve to achieve **stable ROE of 10% or higher**
- In 2030, the strategic businesses account for more than half of the group's operating profit.

		2022 (actual)	2023	2025	2030	2050	
EQ	Operating profit	183.9billion yen	150.0billion yen	250.0billion yen	300.0billion yen or more		
Economic	Strategic Business OP	70.9billion yen	50.0billion yen	120.0billion yen	160.0billion yen or more		
	EBITDA*	369.6billion yen	338.0billion yen	480.0billion yen			
value	ROE	-	4.2%	Stable ROE of	10% or higher		
	D/E	0.41	0.5 or less				

^{*} EBITDA=Operating profit +Depreciation

Sustainability: Products and technologies to create social value



Materialopportunities

- AGC Group's materials and solutions-

Social value

Addressing climate change

- Architectural glass Green refrigerant
- automotive infrared cut glass
- refractories for biomass boiler, etc.
- Fuel cell materials
- Effective use of resources products for recycled raw materials (class, refractories, etc.)









Developing social infrastructure

Achieving a safe and comfortable mobility

Building an infointensive and IoT society

- Architectural glass caustic soda PVC
- sodium hypochlorite sodium bicarbonate ,etc.
- Automotive glass antennae
- **■** components for automotive sensing radar
- HUD components, etc.
- Antenna for building windows Display glass
- materials for semiconductor production
- high-speed communication parts, etc.

Realization of safe and comfortable urban infrastructure











Addressing food crises

Facilitating better health and longevity

- Agrochemical active ingredients/intermediates
- film for agricultural green houses
- Pharmaceuticals active ingredients/intermediates
- **■** high-speed communication parts
- high-performance membrane for water treatment

Realization of safe and healthy lifestyles







Sustainability:

AGC Your Dreams, Our Challenge

Create social value through healthy corporate activities

Material risks — - AGC Group corporate activities -

Social value

Addressing climate change

Effective use of resources

Creating a socially and environmental-conscious supply chain

Ensuring fair and equal employment and workplace safety

Considering relationships with local communities and the environment

- **■** Continuous energy-saving
- development of production technology / facilities to reduce GHG emissions, etc.
- Use of recycled raw materials/materials, Reduction of land, etc.
- Supplier selection based on respect for human rights / environmental protection
- Reduce water usage
- **■** protect biodiversity
- **■** prevent environment accidents
- supporter-making, etc.
- Increase employee engagement
- prevention of serious disaster / accidents requiring a leave, etc.

Realization of a sustainable global environment







Contributing to the maintenance of a healthy and secure society









Contributing to the creation of fair and safe workplaces





AGC's Corporate Governance Structure



2

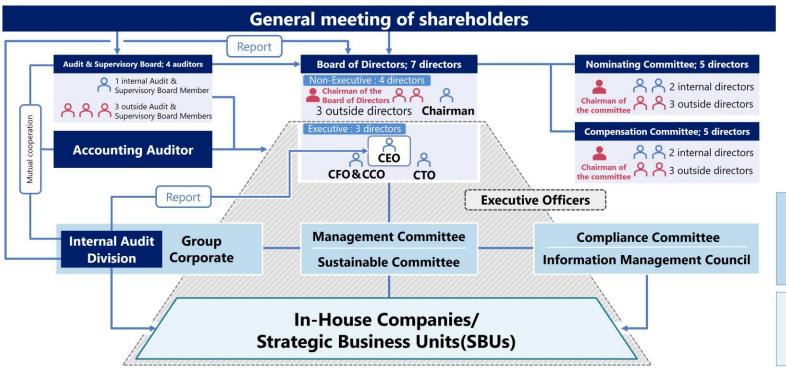
Management oversight

Business execution

: Internal directors or internal Audit & Supervisory Board Member

20

: Outside directors or outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members who satisfy Company's "Standards for independence of outside officers"



External evaluations





FTSE4Good Index Series



FTSE Blossom Japan Index



CDP Climate Change A CDP Supplier Engagement Leader



SBTi "WB2°C" GHG Reduction Target



4 stars awarded in the 6th Nikkei "Smart Work Management" survey



"White 500" Company

in recognition of initiatives to promote strategic health management for its employees





EcoVadis Supplier Evaluations

PLATINUM rated for the Kashima plant and AGC Pharma Chemicals Europe Highly rated in several other domestic and international locations

Clarivate Top 100 Global Innovator 2023



DX Brand 2023

in recognition of digital transformation efforts

Major Press Release in FY2023



Date	Summary
January 12	AGC to Receive Certification from SBTi for its "WB2°C" GHG Reduction Target
January 23	AGC to Develop Digital Twin Technology for Glass Melting Process and Begins Operational Verification in Float Furnaces
February 6	AGC and Saint-Gobain Partner for the Decarbonization of Flat Glass Manufacturing
February 8	AGC Has Started Considering Transfer of its Business in Russia
February 8	Notice Concerning Change in Reportable Segments
February 8	Announcement regarding Share Repurchases
February 8	Notice Regarding Posting of Impairment Losses and Differences between Forecast and Actual Consolidated Financial Results for Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022
March 16	AGC Recognized as a "Supplier Engagement Leader" Company with the Highest Rating in the "Supplier Engagement Rating " by CDP
March 23	AGC to Expand Production Capacity for Fluorochemical Products
April 17	AGC Develops Process Digital Twin for Chemical Plants and Begins Operation at Vinyl Chloride Monomer Manufacturing Plant in Indonesia
April 27	AGC to Boost Production Capacity of EUVL Photomask Blanks
May 12	AGC Decides to discontinue production of LCD glass substrate products at Kansai Plant (Takasago Factory) in Japan
June 19	AGC Builds and Launches "ChatAGC," an In-House Conversational AI Tool
June 27	World's First Demonstration Test of Glass Production Using Ammonia as Fuel in Actual Production Furnace

END

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